

No. of Company 1519055

The Companies Acts 1948 to 1976

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum
and Articles
of Association of

CLEWER COURT RESIDENTS LIMITED.

(Incorporated the 26th day of September 1980)

Jordan & Sons Limited
Company Formation and Information Services
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THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 to 1976

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

CLEWER COURT RESIDENTS LIMITED

1. The name of the Company (hereinafter called "the Company") is "Clewer Court Residents Limited."

2. The Registered Office of the Company will be situate in England and Wales.

3. The objects for which the Company is established are:

(a) To acquire and hold land and other property as an investment and to manage the same and in particular to purchase the freehold reversion of Clewer Court, Oakfield Road, Newport, Gwent in accordance with an agreement intended to be made between the Company and Fairfield Estates Company Limited (the draft of such agreement having for the purpose of identification only been agreed on behalf of the Company by Edmunds and Trump the Solicitors for the Company and on behalf of the Fairfield Estates Company Limited and marked "A") and to manage such premises and land for the benefit of the owners and occupiers of the flats, maisonettes and other premises therein who become shareholders in the Company.

(b) Subject to the provisions of Section 14 of the Companies Act, 1948 to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the promotion of its objects, and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or erections necessary or convenient for the work of the Company.

(c) To sell, let, mortgage, dispose of or turn to account all or any of the property or assets of the Company as may be thought expedient with a view to the promotion of its objects.

(d) To undertake and execute any trusts which may lawfully be undertaken by the Company and may be conducive to its objects.

(e) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company on such terms and on such security as may be thought fit.

(f) To invest the monies of the Company not immediately required for the purposes of the Company in or upon such investments, securities, or property as may be thought fit.

(g) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

5. The share capital of the Company is £5750 divided into 25 shares of £230 each.

WE, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of Shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, addresses and descriptions of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber
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CHARLES EDWIN WHEATON, - One
8 Clewer Court,
Newport,
Gwent.

Hotel Manager.

MORWEN LOVELAND-REES, - One
23 Clewer Court,
Newport,
Gwent.

Femme Sole.

Dated this 3rd day of September, 1980.

Witness to the above Signatures:- H.D. EDMUNDS,
29 Stow Hill,
Newport, Gwent.

Solicitor.

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 to 1976

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

CLEWER COURT RESIDENTS LIMITED

GENERAL

1. In these presents the words standing in the first column of the Table next hereinafter contained shall bear the meaning set opposite to them respectively in the second column thereof, if not inconsistent with the subject or context -

WORDS	MEANINGS
The Act	The Companies Act, 1948
These presents	These Articles of Association and the regulations of the Company from time to time in force.
The Company	The above named Company.
The Board	The Board of Management for the time being of the Company.
The Office	The Registered Office of the Company
The Seal	The Common Seal of the Company.
The United Kingdom	Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
Month	Calendar month.
In writing	Written, printed or lithographed or partly one and partly another, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.
Clewer Court	The said block of Flats and premises known as Clewer Court, Oakfield Road, Newport, Gwent and all land comprising it.

WORDS

MEANINGS

Owner

A person who is the holder as lessee or the persons who are jointly the holders as lessees for the time being of one of the twenty five leases granted by the Fairfield Estates Company Limited of a flat, maisonette or bungalow at Clewer Court, or of a lease granted in substitution for one of such leases.

Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural number and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender, and

Words importing persons shall include corporations.

Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date on which these presents become binding on the Company shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meanings in these presents.

PART I

2. In case of any inconsistency between the regulations contained in Part II hereof and any regulations otherwise applicable to the Company the regulations contained in Part II hereof shall prevail provided that in no case shall such regulations operate in such a way that the Company ceases to be a Private Company.

3. Subject to Regulation 2 hereof the regulations contained in Part III hereof shall at all times apply to the Company.

4. Subject to Regulations 2 and 3 hereof Part II Table A in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 1948 (hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company.

PART II

5. Regulation 3 of Table A, Part II, shall not apply.

6. The shares in the Company shall be numbered 1 to 25 and shall be allocated to the flats and property which bear the same numbers as the shares respectively and Share number 13 shall be allocated to Flat 12a and Share number 25 shall be allocated to the Bungalow.

7. There shall as soon as may be after the formation of the Company, be made such transfers of shares and allotments as shall ensure that the owner of each flat or other property who desires to take a share in the property holds whether by transfer or allotment in respect of such flat one and only one share in the Company being the share allocated to that flat or other property aforesaid and that

no person who is not the owner of a flat or other property at Clewer Court holds any shares in the Company.

8. (a) A share shall be transferred and may only be transferred upon or immediately before a change in the ownership of the flat or other property and to the person becoming or about to become upon such change the owner of such flat or other property.

(b) The price to be paid upon the transfer of a share shall in default of agreement between the transferor and transferee be its value to be ascertained by the Company's Auditors at the expense of the Transferee in default of agreement.

(c) If the holder of a share refuses or neglects to transfer it in accordance with this regulation the Chairman for the time being of the Directors or failing him one of the Directors duly nominated by resolution of the Board for that purpose shall forthwith be deemed to be the duly appointed attorney of that holder with full power in his name and on his behalf to execute, complete and deliver a transfer of his share to the person to whom it should be transferred hereunder and the Company may receive and give a good discharge for the purchase money and enter the name of the transferee in the register of members as the holder by transfer of the said share.

(d) Upon the registration of any Transfer the Directors shall require the Transferee to enter into a Deed of Covenant with the Company and to perform the terms of the lease and of this Article and if the Transferee neglects or refuses to execute such Deed the Directors shall refuse to register such transfer.

9. If more than one person is jointly the owner of a flat such persons shall jointly hold the corresponding share in the Company but shall have only one vote in right of such share, whether as members or Directors, which shall be cast by the holder whose name first appears in the Register of Members.

PART III

10. In Regulation 1 of Table A, Part I, the words "and in any Articles adopting the same" shall be inserted immediately after the word "regulations" where it first occurs.

11. In Regulation II of Table A, Part I, the words "(not being a fully paid share)" and "(other than fully paid shares)" shall be omitted.

12. In Regulation 15 of Table A, Part I, the words from "provided that" to "the last preceding call" inclusive shall be omitted.

13. Regulations 40 to 43 inclusive of Table A, Part I, shall not apply.

14. In Regulations 44 and 45 of Table A, Part I for the words "ordinary resolution" shall be substituted the word "resolution of which the same notice shall be given as if it were a special resolution passed by a majority of the members present in person or by proxy and entitled to three fourths of the votes to which all of the members are collectively entitled."

15. A resolution of which the same notice shall be given as if it were a special resolution passed by a majority of the members present in person or by proxy and entitled to three fourths of the votes to which all the members are collectively entitled shall be required for all of the following matters:

(a) To sell the Freehold Reversion of Clewer Court.

(b) To alter the Memorandum or Articles of Association of the Company.

(c) To decide not to observe and perform the legal obligations of the Company under the covenants as to insurance, repairs, maintenance or renewal under the said leases of the flats and other property.

(d) To decide not to enforce the observance and performance of covenants and obligations on the part of any owner contained in any owners leases or in the lease of any garage at Clewer Court.

16. Regulation 75 of Table A, Part I shall not apply.

17. Regulation 84 of Table A, Part I shall not apply. Any Director or any company or firm of which a Director is a member may enter into contracts with the Company and any Director may vote as Director or shareholder in respect of such contracts and retain for his own use profits made by him under any such contracts, provided always that unless he is at the time sole Director he must disclose his interest to his co-Directors before the contract is entered into, and if he is at the time sole Director, or if all the Directors are interested in the contract, the contract must be entered into by the Company in General Meeting, and before the contract is entered into the Director or Directors must disclose his or their interest to the meeting. A general notice to the Directors given at a meeting of the Directors by any Director to the effect that he is a member of any specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract which may thereafter be made with that company or firm shall be deemed a sufficient disclosure of interest in regard to any contract so made.

18. No Director shall at any time be required to retire or vacate his office of Director or be ineligible for appointment or re-appointment as Director by reason of his attaining or having attained the age of seventy or any other age, and Regulation 88 of Table A, Part I, shall in its application to the Company be modified accordingly.

19. In Regulation 5 of Table A, Part II, for the words "all members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at General Meetings" there shall be substituted the words "the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of the Company".

Names, addresses and descriptions of Subscribers

CHARLES EDWIN WHEATON,
8 Clewer Court,
Newport,
Gwent.

Hotel Manager.

MORWEN LOVELAND-REES,
23 Clewer Court,
Newport,
Gwent.

Femme Sole.

Dated this 3rd day of September, 1980.

Witness to the above Signatures:- H.D. EDMUNDS,
29 Stow Hill,
Newport, Gwent.

Solicitor.

TABLE A

PART I

REGULATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT OF A COMPANY
LIMITED BY SHARES, NOT BEING A PRIVATE COMPANY

INTERPRETATION

1. In these Regulations:-

"the Act" means the Companies Act, 1948.

"the Seal" means the Common Seal of the Company.

"Secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Company.

"the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the Company.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

2. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing Shares or class of Shares, any Share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of Capital or otherwise as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine.

3. Subject to the provisions of Section 58 of the Act, any Preference Shares may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue of the Shares may by Special Resolution determine.

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4. If at any time the Share Capital is divided into different classes of Shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued Shares of that class, or with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the Shares of the class. To every such separate General Meeting the provisions of these Regulations relating to General Meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued Shares of the class and that any holder of Shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.

5. The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

6. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by Section 53 of the Act, provided that the rate per cent. or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the said section and the rate of the commission shall not exceed the rate of 10 per cent. of the price at which the Shares in respect whereof the same is paid are issued or an amount equal to 10 per cent. of such price (as the case may be). Such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid Shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. The Company may also on any issue of Shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

7. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any Share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any Share or any interest in any fractional part of a Share or (except only as by these Regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any Share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

8. Every person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgment of transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one Certificate for all his Shares or several Certificates each for one or more of his Shares upon payment of 12½p for every Certificate after the first or such less sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine. Every Certificate shall be under the Seal and shall specify the Shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. Provided that in respect of a Share or Shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one Certificate, and delivery of a Certificate for a Share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

TABLE A

9. If a Share Certificate be defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on payment of a fee of 12½p or such less sum and on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Company of investigating evidence as the Directors think fit.

10. The Company shall not give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any Shares in the Company or in its holding company nor shall the Company make a loan for any purpose whatsoever on the security of its Shares or those of its holding company, but nothing in this Regulation shall prohibit transactions mentioned in the proviso to Section 54 (1) of the Act.

LIEN

11. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every Share (not being a fully paid Share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that Share, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all Shares (other than fully paid Shares) standing registered in the name of a single person for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company; but the Directors may at any time declare any Share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Regulation. The Company's lien, if any, on a Share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon.

12. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Directors think fit, any Shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the Share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy.

13. To give effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the Shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the Shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the Shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

14. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the Shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the Shares at the date of the sale.

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CALLS ON SHARES

15. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the Members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their Shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the Shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the Share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call, and each Member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his Shares. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.

16. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.

17. The joint holders of a Share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

18. If a sum called in respect of a Share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum as the Directors may determine, but the Directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

19. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a Share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the Share or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these Regulations be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

20. The Directors may, on the issue of Shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

21. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any Shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would, but for such advance, become payable) pay interest at such a rate not exceeding (unless the Company in General Meeting shall otherwise direct) 5 per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Directors and the Member paying such sum in advance.

TABLE A

TRANSFER OF SHARES

22.* The instrument of transfer of any Share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee, and, the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the Share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.

23. Subject to such of the restrictions of these Regulations as may be applicable, any Member may transfer all or any of his Shares by instrument in writing in any usual or common form or any other form which the Directors may approve.

24. The Directors may decline to register the transfer of a Share (not being a fully paid Share) to a person of whom they shall not approve, and they may also decline to register the transfer of a Share on which the Company has a lien.

25. The Directors may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:-

(a) a fee of 12½p or such lesser sum as the Directors may from time to time require is paid to the Company in respect thereof;

(b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the Certificate of the Shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and

(c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of Share.

26. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

27. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days in any year.

28. The Company shall be entitled to charge a fee not exceeding 12½p on the registration of every probate, letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney, notice in lieu of distringas, or other instrument.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

29. In case of the death of a Member the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the Shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any Share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

* as amended by the Companies Act 1967 Schedule VIII Part III.

TABLE A

30. Any person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Directors and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the Share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof, but the Directors shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the Share by that Member before his death or bankruptcy, as the case may be.

31. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have another person registered he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the Share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of Shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the Member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that Member.

32. A person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the Share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a Member in respect of the Share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by Membership in relation to Meetings of the Company;

Provided always that the Directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the Share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days the Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the Share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

33. If a Member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

34. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the Shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

35. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any Share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by

TABLE A

the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect.

36. A forfeited Share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors think fit, and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit.

37. A person whose Shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a Member in respect of the forfeited Shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the Shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the Shares.

38. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a Share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the Share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the Share in favour of the person to whom the Share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the Share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the Share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the Share.

39. The provisions of these Regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a Share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the Share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

40. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up Shares into Stock, and reconvert any Stock into paid-up Shares of any denomination.

41. The holders of Stock may transfer the same, or any part thereof, in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as and subject to which the Shares from which the Stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; and the Directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of Stock transferable but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the Shares from which the Stock arose.

42. The holders of Stock shall, according to the amount of Stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at Meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the Shares from which the Stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends

TABLE A

and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of Stock which would not, if existing in Shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

43. Such of the regulations of the Company as are applicable to paid-up Shares shall apply to Stock, and the words "Share" and "Shareholder" therein shall include "Stock" and "Stockholder".

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

44. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase the Share Capital by such sum, to be divided into Shares of such amount, as the Resolution shall prescribe.

45. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution-

(a) consolidate and divide all or any of its Share Capital into Shares of larger amount than its existing Shares;

(b) sub-divide its existing Shares, or any of them, into Shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of Section 61 (1) (d) of the Act;

(c) cancel any Shares which, at the date of the passing of the Resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

46. The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its Share Capital, any Capital Redemption Reserve Fund or any Share Premium Account in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised, and consent required, by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

47. The Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other Meetings in that year, and shall specify the Meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting of the Company and that of the next. Provided that so long as the Company holds its first Annual General Meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The Annual General Meeting shall be held at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint.

48. All General Meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

49. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, and Extraordinary General Meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by Section 132 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any Director

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or any two Members of the Company may convene an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which Meetings may be convened by the Directors.

NOTICES OF GENERAL MEETINGS

50. An Annual General Meeting and a Meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least, and a Meeting of the Company other than an Annual General Meeting or a Meeting for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by fourteen days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, to such persons as are, under the regulations of the Company, entitled to receive such notices from the Company:

Provided that a Meeting of the Company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Regulation, be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed-

(a) in the case of a Meeting called as the Annual General Meeting, by all the Members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and

(b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the Members having a right to attend and vote at the Meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the Shares giving that right.

51. The accidental omission to give notice of a Meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a Meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that Meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

52. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting, and also all that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the Directors and Auditors, the election of Directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the Auditors.

53. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at the time when the Meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided, three Members present in person shall be a quorum.

54. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the Meeting a quorum is not present, the Meeting, if convened upon the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the

TABLE A

Directors may determine, and if at the adjourned Meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the Meeting, the Members present shall be a quorum.

55. The Chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting of the Company, or if there is no such Chairman, or if he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the Meeting or is unwilling to act the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be Chairman of the Meeting.

56. If at any Meeting no Director is willing to act as Chairman or if no Director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the Meeting, the Members present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of the Meeting.

57. The Chairman may, with the consent of any Meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the Meeting), adjourn the Meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned Meeting other than the business left unfinished at the Meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a Meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned Meeting shall be given as in the case of an original Meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned Meeting.

58. At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the Meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded-

(a) by the Chairman; or

(b) by at least three Members present in person or by proxy; or

(c) by any Member or Members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the Meeting; or

(d) by a Member or Members holding Shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the Meeting being Shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all Shares conferring that right.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

TABLE A

59. Except as provided in Regulation 61, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Meeting at which the poll was demanded.

60. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the Meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

61. A poll demanded on the election of a Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the Chairman of the Meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

62. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of Shares, on a show of hands every Member present in person shall have one vote, and on a poll every Member shall have one vote for each Share of which he is the holder.

63. In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.

64. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

65. No Member shall be entitled to vote at any General Meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of Shares in the Company have been paid.

66. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the Meeting or adjourned Meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such Meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman of the Meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

67. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

68. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company.

TABLE A

72. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

73. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the Share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at the office before the commencement of the Meeting or adjourned Meeting at which the proxy is used.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

74. Any corporation which is a Member of the Company may by resolution of its Directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any Meeting of the Company or of any class of Members of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual Member of the Company.

DIRECTORS

75. The number of the Directors and the names of the first Directors shall be determined in writing by the Subscribers of the Memorandum of Association or a majority of them.

76. The remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in General Meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The Directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from Meetings of the Directors or any Committee of the Directors or General Meetings of the Company or in connection with the business of the Company.

77. The shareholding qualification for Directors may be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and unless and until so fixed no qualification shall be required.

78. A Director of the Company may be or become a Director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested as shareholder or otherwise, and no such Director shall be accountable to the Company for any remuneration or other benefits received by him as a Director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the Company otherwise direct.

BORROWING POWERS

79. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled Capital, or any part thereof, and to issue Debentures,

TABLE A

Debenture Stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party:

Provided that the amount for the time being remaining undischarged of moneys borrowed or secured by the Directors as aforesaid (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's Bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not at any time, without the previous sanction of the Company in General Meeting, exceed the nominal amount of the Share Capital of the Company for the time being issued, but nevertheless no lender or other person dealing with the Company shall be concerned to see or enquire whether this limit is observed. No debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual except in the case of express notice to the lender or the recipient of the security at the time when the debt was incurred or security given that the limit hereby imposed had been or was thereby exceeded.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

80. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, by the Act or by these regulations, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to any of these Regulations, to the provisions of the Act and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid Regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

81. The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these regulations) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

82. The Company may exercise the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

83. The Company may exercise the powers conferred upon the Company by Sections 119 to 123 (both inclusive) of the Act with regard to the keeping of a Dominion Register, and the Directors may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such Register.

TABLE A

84.- (1) A Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at a Meeting of the Directors in accordance with Section 199 of the Act.

(2) A Director shall not vote in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he is interested, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted, nor shall he be counted in the quorum present at the Meeting, but neither of these prohibitions shall apply to-

(a) any arrangement for giving any Director any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him to or obligations undertaken by him for the benefit of the Company; or

(b) to any arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company for which the Director himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the deposit of a security; or

(c) any contract by a Director to subscribe for or underwrite Shares or Debentures of the Company; or

(d) any contract or arrangement with any other company in which he is interested only as an officer of the Company or as holder of Shares or other securities;

and these prohibitions may at any time be suspended or relaxed to any extent, and either generally or in respect of any particular contract, arrangement or transaction, by the Company in General Meeting.

(3) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine, and no Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either with regard to his tenure of any such other office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director is in any way interested, be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established.

(4) A Director, notwithstanding his interest, may be counted in the quorum present at any Meeting whereat he or any other Director is appointed to hold any such office or place of profit under the Company or whereat the terms of any such appointment are arranged, and he may vote on any such appointment or arrangement other than his own appointment or the arrangement of the terms thereof.

TABLE A

(5) Any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company, and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director; provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director or his firm to act as Auditor to the Company.

85. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

86. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose-

- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
- (b) of the names of the Directors present at each Meeting of the Directors and of any Committee of the Directors;
- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all Meetings of the Company, and of the Directors, and of Committees of Directors;

and every Director present at any Meeting of Directors or Committee of Directors shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.

87. The Directors on behalf of the Company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any Director who has held any other salaried office or place of profit with the Company or to his widow or dependents and may make contributions to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such gratuity, pension or allowance.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

88.* The office of Director shall be vacated if the Director-

- (a) ceases to be a Director by virtue of Section 182 or 185 of the Act; or
- (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
- (c) becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any order made under Section 188 of the Act or under Section 28 of The Companies Act 1976; or
- (d) becomes of unsound mind; or
- (e) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
- (f) shall for more than six months have been absent without permission of the Directors from Meetings of the Directors held during that period.

* as amended by the Companies Act 1976 Schedule 2.

TABLE A

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

89. At the first Annual General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the Annual General Meeting in every subsequent year one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third, shall retire from office.

90. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

91. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

92. The Company at the Meeting at which a Director retires in manner aforesaid may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto, and in default the retiring Director shall if offering himself for re-election be deemed to have been re-elected, unless at such Meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such vacated office or unless a resolution for the re-election of such Director shall have been put to the Meeting and lost.

93. No person other than a Director retiring at the Meeting shall unless recommended by the Directors be eligible for election to the office of Director at any General Meeting unless not less than three nor more than twenty-one days before the date appointed for the Meeting there shall have been left at the registered office of the Company notice in writing, signed by a Member duly qualified to attend and vote at the Meeting for which such notice is given, of his intention to propose such person for election, and also notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected.

94. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation the increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

95. The Directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed in accordance with these Regulations. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following Annual General Meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such Meeting.

96. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution, of which special notice has been given in accordance with Section 142 of the Act, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Regulations or in any agreement between the Company and such Director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such Director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

TABLE A

97. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in place of a Director removed from office under the immediately preceding Regulation, and without prejudice to the powers of the Directors under Regulation 95 the Company in General Meeting may appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director. A person appointed in place of a Director so removed or to fill such a vacancy shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last elected a Director.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

98. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their Meetings, as they think fit. Questions arising at any Meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time summon a Meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a Meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom.

99. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors, and unless so fixed shall be two.

100. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the regulations of the Company as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

101. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their Meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any Meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the Meeting.

102. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to Committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit; any Committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Directors.

103. A Committee may elect a Chairman of its Meetings; if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any Meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the Meeting.

TABLE A

104. A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any Meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

105. All acts done by any Meeting of the Directors or of a Committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

106. A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a Meeting of the Directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a Meeting of the Directors duly convened and held.

MANAGING DIRECTOR

107. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director for such period and on such terms as they think fit, and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, may revoke such appointment. A Director so appointed shall not, whilst holding that office, be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of Directors, but his appointment shall be automatically determined if he cease from any cause to be a Director.

108. A Managing Director shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Directors may determine.

109. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director any of the powers exercisable by them upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

SECRETARY

110.* Subject to Section 21 (5) of The Companies Act 1976 the Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

111. No person shall be appointed or hold office as Secretary who is-

- (a) the sole Director of the Company; or
- (b) a corporation the sole Director of which is the sole Director of the Company; or

* as amended by the Companies Act 1976 Schedule 2.

TABLE A

(c) the sole Director of a corporation which is the sole Director of the Company.

112. A provision of the Act or these Regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

THE SEAL

113. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a Committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors in that behalf, and every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a Director and shall be countersigned by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

114. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.

115. The Directors may from time to time pay to the Members such interim dividends as appear to the Directors to be justified by the profits of the Company.

116. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of the profits.

117. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than Shares of the Company) as the Directors may from time to time think fit. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which they may think prudent not to divide.

118. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to Shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the Shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but no amount paid or credited as paid on a Share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Regulation as paid on the Share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the Shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any Share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such Share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

119. The Directors may deduct from any dividend payable to any Member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the Shares of the Company.

TABLE A

120. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.

121. Any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash in respect of Shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the Register of Members or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Any one of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the Shares held by them as joint holders.

122. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

ACCOUNTS

123.* The Directors shall cause accounting records to be kept in accordance with Section 12 of The Companies Act 1976.

124.+ The accounting records shall be kept at the registered office of the Company or, subject to Section 12 (6) and (7) of The Companies Act 1976, at such other place or places as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the officers of the Company.

125. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of Members not being Directors, and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in General Meeting.

126.* The Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with Sections 150 and 157 of the Act and Sections 1, 6 and 7 of The Companies Act 1976 cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.

* as amended by the Companies Act 1976 Schedule 2.

+ as altered by the Companies Act 1976 Schedule 2.

TABLE A

127.* A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting, together with a copy of the Auditors' report and Directors' report shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the Meeting be sent to every Member of, and every holder of Debentures of, the Company and to every person registered under Regulation 31. Provided that this Regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any Shares or Debentures.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

128. The Company in General Meeting may upon the recommendation of the Directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution, and accordingly that such sum be set free for distribution amongst the Members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any Shares held by such Members respectively or paying up in full unissued Shares or Debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution:

Provided that a Share Premium Account and a Capital Redemption Reserve Fund may, for the purposes of this Regulation, only be applied in the paying up of unissued Shares to be issued to Members of the Company as fully paid bonus Shares.

129. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully-paid Shares or Debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the Directors to make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of Shares or Debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the Members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further Shares or Debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or (as the case may require) for the payment up by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing Shares, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such Members.

* as amended by the Companies Act 1976 Schedule 2.

TABLE A

AUDIT

130.* Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with Section 161 of the Act, Section 14 of the Companies Act 1967 and Sections 13 to 18 of The Companies Act 1976.

NOTICES

131. A notice may be given by the Company to any Member either personally or by sending it by post to him or to his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within the United Kingdom) to the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notice to him. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected in the case of a notice of a Meeting at the expiration of 24 hours after the letter containing the same is posted, and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

132. A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a Share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the Register of Members in respect of the Share.

133. A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

134. Notice of every General Meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to-

(a) every Member except those Members who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) have not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the giving of notices to them;

(b) every person upon whom the ownership of a Share devolves by reason of his being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a Member where the Member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the Meeting; and

(c) the Auditor for the time being of the Company.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of General Meetings.

* as amended by Section 14 (8) (c) of the Companies Act 1967 and as further amended by the Companies Act 1976 Schedule 2.

TABLE A

WINDING-UP

135. If the Company shall be wound up the Liquidator may, with the sanction of an Extrordinary Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the Members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether the shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The Liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the Liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any Shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

136. Every Director, Managing Director, Agent, Auditor, Secretary and other officer for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 448 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the court.

PART II

REGULATIONS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

1. The Regulations contained in Part I of Table A (with the exception of Regulations 24 and 53) shall apply.
2. The Company is a Private Company and accordingly-
 - (a) the right to transfer Shares is restricted in manner hereinafter prescribed;
 - (b) the number of Members of the Company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the Company and of persons who having been formerly in the employment of the Company were while in such employment and have continued after the determination of such employment to be Members of the Company) is limited to fifty. Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more Shares in the Company jointly they shall for the purpose of this Regulation be treated as a single Member;
 - (c) any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or Debentures of the Company is prohibited;
 - (d) the Company shall not have power to issue Share Warrants to bearer.

TABLE A

3. The Directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register any transfer of any Share, whether or not it is a fully paid Share.

4. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at the time when the Meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided two Members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.

5. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the Members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at General Meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a General Meeting of the Company duly convened and held.

Note - Regulation 3 is in substitution for Regulation 24 of Part I.
Regulation 4 is in substitution for Regulation 53 of Part I.
Regulation 6 of this Part was repealed by the Companies Act 1967 Schedule VIII Part III.